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What's Happening at the IETF & IRTF?

Human Rights Protocol Considerations and how to get involved



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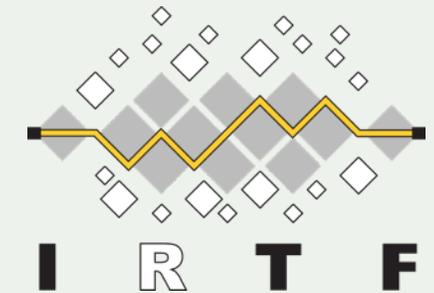
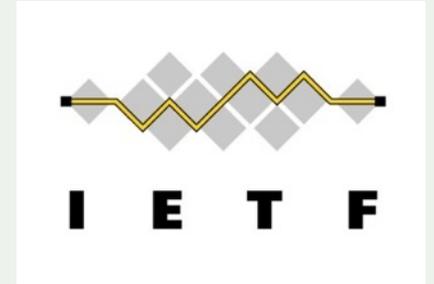
Disclaimer

Two important points:

No-one really speaks *for* the IETF or IRTF

I am speaking *about* the IETF or IRTF as an individual participant

<https://trac.tools.ietf.org/group/iesg/trac/wiki/SpeakingForIetf>



IETF Standards make the Internet work

TCP/IP

- IPv4 (RFC791) and IPv6 (RFC2460...)
- TCP (RFC675...) and UDP (RFC768)

E-Mail

- SMTP (RFC5321), IMAP (RFC3501)

Network and Routing

- BGP (RFC4271), OSPF (RFC2178...),
MPLS (RFC3031)

DNS

- DNS (RFCs 1034, 1035...)
- DNSSEC (RFCs 4033, 4034 & 4035)
- DANE (RFCs 6698, 7671...)

Web

- HTTP (RFC2616...)

Security

- TLS (RFCs 5246 & 6176)



IETF Areas - <http://www.ietf.org/iesg/area.html>

Applications and Real-Time (ART)

- Application protocols and architectures
- Real-time (and non-real-time) communication

Transport (TSV)

- Mechanisms related to data transport on the Internet
- Congestion control

Routing (RTG)

- Routing and signalling protocols

Internet (INT)

- IPv4/IPv6, DNS, DHCP, VPNs, mobility

Operations and Management (OPS)

- Network management
- Operations: IPv6, DNS, security, routing

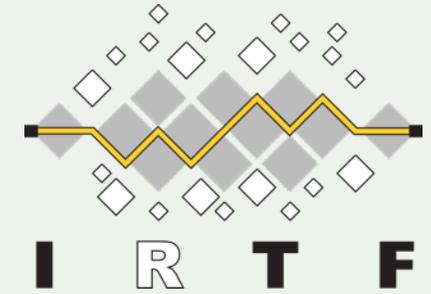
Security (SEC)

- Security protocols and mechanisms, including cryptography

General (GEN)

- Activities focused on supporting and updating IETF processes

Internet Research Task Force



- Considers long-term research issues related to the Internet
- IRTF Chair & Research Group Chairs form **Internet Research Steering Group (IRSG)**
- Publishes RFCs in IRTF Stream
- Current Research Groups:
 - Crypto Forum (CFRG)
 - Thing-to-Thing (T2TRG)
 - Internet Congestion Control (ICCRG)
 - Measurement & Analysis (MAPRG)
 - Network Function Virtualisation (NFVRG)
 - Network Management (NMRG)
 - Information-Centric Networking (ICNRG)
 - Network Coding (NWCRCG)
 - Global Access to the Internet for All (GAIA) – Jane Coffin (Chair)
 - Human Rights Protocol Considerations (HRPC)



Participating in IETF & IRTF

- <https://www.ietf.org/> and <https://www.irtf.org>
- Anyone can participate in the mailing lists and discussions
- Anyone can submit a ‘draft’ document
(known as an *Internet Draft* or *I-D*)
- Working Groups and Research Groups debate and discuss drafts
- Documents progress through the standards process to become RFCs
- Primary venue for all communication is e-mail

Impact of Internet Protocols on Human Rights

- UN Human Rights Council 2012 – affirms rights defined in Article 19 of Universal Declaration of Human Rights and International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights must be protected online
- UN General Assembly 2013 – calls upon all States to respect the right to privacy in digital communication
- UN Special Rapporteur FoE 2015 - governments should promote use of strong encryption and protect anonymous expression online
- UN Special Rapporteur FoE 2016 – private entities should integrate commitments to freedom of expression into product engineering, policies and standards

IRTF Human Rights Protocol Considerations

- IRTF Human Rights Protocol Considerations Research Group established in Jan 2015
- Researching whether standards and protocols can enable or threaten human rights
- Can the human rights characteristics of the Internet be degraded if not properly defined, described and sufficiently taken into account during protocol development.
- Open, secure and reliable connectivity is essential for rights such as freedom of expression and freedom of association.

RFC 6973: Privacy Considerations for Internet Protocols

- Entry point for this work
- Offers guidance for developing privacy considerations for inclusion in protocol specifications.
- Aims to make designers, implementers, and users of Internet protocols aware of privacy-related design choices.
- Suggests that whether any individual RFC warrants a specific privacy considerations section will depend on the document's content.
- Builds on previous body of security analysis by recognizing the threats to privacy are security threats

Research into Human Rights Protocol Considerations

draft-irtf-hrpc-research-14

- Informational document with consensus from IRTF HRPC Research Group
- Aims to offers guidelines similar to RFC 6973 (privacy considerations)
- Outlines human rights threats on the Internet
- Consider how well-known Internet protocols (e.g. DNS, NAT and HTTP) can have human rights concerns
- Considers implications of traffic interception, manipulation, throttling, logging, tracking, and DDoS on human rights

Research into Human Rights Protocol Considerations

draft-irtf-hrpc-research-14

- Provides guidelines in 19 areas such as privacy and confidentiality, but also:
 - Connectivity: is end-to-end connectivity supported, do protocols support low bandwidth and high latency, can protocols operate in a stateless manner?
 - Content agnosticism: is all network traffic delivered in a non-discriminatory way?
 - Authenticity: can receiver be sure data comes from the source it claims to come from?
 - Internationalisation: are protocols, standards, and implementations usable in different languages and scripts?
 - Censorship resistance: do protocols introduce new identifiers that can be associated with persons or content?
 - Open standards: are protocol specifications published, and their functioning known?

Other HRPC RG Drafts

- Freedom of Association on the Internet (draft-tenoever-hrpc-association-02)
 - Scope the relationship between Internet protocols and the right to freedom of assembly and association
- On the Politics of Standards (draft-tenoever-hrpc-political-02)
 - Outline different views on the relation between protocols and politics, and whether protocols are political
- Unrequested Communications (draft-tenoever-hrpc-unrequested-00)
 - Addresses issue of unrequested traffic in the form of spam or DDoS attacks

Next Meeting: IETF 100

— **11-17 November 2017, Singapore**

<https://www.ietf.org/meeting/100/>

— **HRPC RG meeting**

Friday 17 Nov 2017 (0900-1130 UTC+8)

— **Remote participation available:**

- Audio streams
- Web conferencing systems
- Jabber chat rooms



IETF Fellowship Programme

Fellowships available to enable people to attend IETF meetings

<http://www.internetsociety.org/what-we-do/education-and-leadership-programmes/ietf-and-ois-programmes/internet-society-fellowship>



IETF Policy Programme

Fellowships available for regulators to attend IETF meetings and learn about IETF standards and processes

<https://www.internetsociety.org/what-we-do/education-and-leadership-programmes/ietf-and-ois-programmes/internet-society-fellowship-5>



Summary

- The IETF and IRTF makes the Internet work better
- It has a fundamental role in Internet administration
- It has international scope, but local relevance
- It has an open, inclusive and well-established structure
- Your participation is critical to the success
- More information:

<http://www.ietf.org/newcomers.html>



Thank you.

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